

# Addendum for VLBI Users



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## *About This Manual*

This addendum describes API functions that are primarily of interest to the VLBI community.



## XLRClearOption

---

### Syntax:

```

XLR_RETURN_CODE XLRClearOption( SSHANDLE xlrDevice,
    UINT options_to_clear )

```

### Description:

XLRClearOption clears an option previously set by XLRSetOption, or clears all options. When an option is cleared, it is set to its default value. See XLRSetOption for the list of available options and default values. To clear an option, the drives must be idle (i.e., no recording or playback in progress).

### Parameters:

- *xlrDevice* is the device handle returned from a previous call to XLROpen.
- *options\_to\_clear* is a vector of options to clear.

### Return Value:

On success, this function returns XLR\_SUCCESS.

On failure, this function returns XLR\_FAIL.

### Usage:

```

SSHANDLE          xlrDevice;
XLR_RETURN_CODE   xlrStatus;

//
// This example shows how to set options to their default values
// and how to set and clear a specific option.
//

xlrStatus = XLROpen( 1, &xlrDevice );

// Set all options to their default values.
xlrStatus = XLRClearOption( device, SS_ALL_OPTIONS );

//
// Set the desired option. In this example, set the option
// to reserve a block of space.
//
xlrStatus = XLRSetOption( xlrDevice, SS_OPT_RESERVE_END_BLOCK );
    . . . record some data . . .

// Clear the reserve block option.
xlrStatus = XLRSetClear( xlrDevice, SS_OPT_RESERVE_END_BLOCK );

```

**See Also:**

XLRSetOption and XLRGetOption.

## **XLRDiskRepBlkCount**

---

### **Syntax:**

```
DWORD XLRDiskRepBlkCount( SSHANDLE xlrDevice, UINT Bus, UINT  
MasterSlave )
```

### **Description:**

`XLRDiskRepBlkCount` returns the replaced block count for the specified bus and drive. The replaced block count is the number of blocks that have been replaced during a playback when fill data was used to replace unreadable data.

The replaced block counter(s) will be reset on a read or playback request if:

- the request is non-sequential from a previous read/playback or
- the previous read/playback ended due to reaching a play limit request (see `XLRSetPlaybackLength`) or
- there have been intervening commands that accessed the disk, such as a record.

In other words, the counter(s) are not reset if a play (or read) is followed by a subsequent play (or read) that is sequential to the previous one and play limit is not used.

If the `StreamStor` is in bank mode, this command will return the number of replaced blocks for the drive in the selected bank.

### **Parameters:**

- *xlrDevice* is the device handle returned from a previous call to `XLROpen`.
- *bus* is the ATA bus number of the drive.
- *MasterSlave* is `XLR_MASTER_DRIVE (0)` or `XLR_SLAVE_DRIVE (1)` to select the master or the slave drive on the ATA bus.

### **Return Value:**

The replacement block count for the specified drive. If no blocks are replaced or an error occurs, zero is returned.

**Usage:**

```

//
// This example shows FPDP playback using a fill pattern. After
// playback stops, the disk replacement block count is retrieved.
//

SHANDLE          xlrDevice;
DWORD            repBlockCount;
XLR_RETURN_CODE  xlrStatus;

...
xlrStatus = XLROpen( 1, &xlrDevice );

//
// To use fill data, you must first set the skip check dir option.
//
xlrStatus = XLRSetOption( xlrDevice, SS_OPT_SKIPCHECKDIR );

//
// Establish the fill pattern to use for blocks that cannot be read.
// In this example, the fill pattern is all zeros, though you can
// use whatever pattern you like.
//
xlrStatus = XLRSetFillData( xlrDevice, 0x00000000 );

// Set the mode to playback over the external port.
xlrStatus = XLRSetMode( xlrDevice, SS_MODE_EXT );

xlrStatus = XLRSetFPDPMode( xlrDevice, SS_FPDP_XMIT, 0 );

// Start playback at the beginning of the recording.
xlrStatus = XLRPlayback( xlrDevice, 0, 0 );

    . . . play back data . . .

XLRStop( xlrDevice );

// Get the number of replaced blocks on the master on Bus 2.
repBlockCount =
    XLRDiskRepBlkCount( xlrDevice, 2, XLR_MASTER_DRIVE );

```

**See Also:**

XLRTotalRepBlkCount, XLRSetFillData, XLRPlayback, XLRSetOption, XLRSetBankMode and XLRSelectBank.

## XLRGetDiskLength

---

### Syntax:

```
DWORDLONG XLRGetDiskLength( SSHANDLE xlrDevice, UINT Bus,
    UINT MasterSlave )
```

### Description:

XLRGetDiskLength returns the length (in bytes) of the data recorded on the specified drive. The length is rounded to the nearest 64-kilobyte boundary. To get the length of a drive, the drives must be idle (i.e., no recording or playback in progress).

If the StreamStor is in bank mode, this command will return the length of data on the specified drive in the selected bank.

### Parameters:

- *xlrDevice* is the device handle returned from a previous call to XLROpen .
- *bus* is the ATA bus number of the drive.
- *MasterSlave* is XLR\_MASTER\_DRIVE (0) or XLR\_SLAVE\_DRIVE (1) to select the master or the slave drive on the ATA bus.

### Return Value:

Length (in bytes) of data on the specified drive, rounded to the nearest 64-kilobyte boundary. If an error occurs, the returned value is SS\_UNDEFINED\_LENGTH.

### Usage:

```
SSHANDLE          xlrDevice;
DWORDLONG         diskLength;
XLR_ERROR_CODE   xlrErrorCode;
XLR_RETURN_CODE  xlrStatus;

xlrStatus = XLROpen( 1, &xlrDevice );

// Get the length of data on the slave drive on bus 0.
diskLength = XLRGetDiskLength( xlrDevice, 0, XLR_SLAVE_DRIVE );
if( diskLength == SS_UNDEFINED_LENGTH ){
    xlrErrorCode = XLRGetLastError();
    printf( "GetDiskLength failed. Error = %lu\n", xlrErrorCode );
}
else {
    printf( "Length of data on Slave drive on bus zero = %llu\n",
        diskLength );
}
```

## XLRGetDriveStats

---

### Syntax:

```
XLR_RETURN_CODE XLRSetDriveStats( SSHANDLE xlrDevice, UINT Bus,
    UINT MasterSlave, S_DRIVESTATS dstats )
```

### Description

XLRGetDriveStats retrieves drive statistics that have been collected by StreamStor while the SS\_OPT\_DRVSTATS option is on (see XLRSetOption). To retrieve drive statistics, the drives must be idle (i.e., no recording or playback in progress).

### Parameters:

- *xlrDevice* is the device handle returned from a previous call to XLROpen.
- *bus* is the ATA bus number of the drive.
- *masterSlave* is XLR\_MASTER\_DRIVE (0) or XLR\_SLAVE\_DRIVE (1) to select the master or the slave drive on the ATA bus.
- *dstats* is an array of structures of type S\_DRIVESTATS. The array will receive the drive statistics for the requested master (or slave) drive on *bus*.

### Return Value:

On success, this function returns XLR\_SUCCESS.

On failure, this function returns XLR\_FAIL.

### Usage:

```
//
// This example shows how to retrieve drive statistics that were
// collected during a playback of data.
//

SSHANDLE          xlrDevice;
XLR_RETURN_CODE   xlrStatus;
S_DRIVESTATS      dstats[XLR_MAXBINS];
UINT              binNum;

xlrStatus = XLROpen( 1, &xlrDevice );

//
// Set the option so that drive statistics will be
// collected during StreamStor read and write operations.
//
xlrStatus = XLRSetOption( xlrDevice, SS_OPT_DRVSTATS );

//Start some playback
```

```
xlrStatus = XLRPlayback( xlrDevice, 0, 0 );

    . . . continue playback . . .
//
// The StreamStor must be idle in order to retrieve the
// drive statistics.
//
XLRStop( xlrDevice );

// Get the statistics for the master drive on bus 0.
xlrStatus = XLRGetDriveStats( xlrDevice, 0, XLR_MASTER_DRIVE, dstats );

for( binNum=0; binNum<XLR_MAXBINS; binNum++ )
{
    printf( "    Count for bin[%d] = %lu\n", binNum, dstats[binNum].count );
}
```

**See Also:**

XLRSetOption, XLRClearOption, and XLRSetDriveStats.

## XLRGetOption

---

### Syntax:

```
XLR_RETURN_CODE XLRGetOption( SSHANDLE xlrDevice, UINT
options_to_get, PBOOLEAN options_on )
```

### Description

XLRGetOption is used to determine if one or more options are set.

### Parameters:

- *xlrDevice* is the device handle returned from a previous call to XLROpen.
- *options\_to\_get* is a vector of options to query.
- *options\_on* is the returned BOOLEAN indicating if all the options in *options\_to\_get* are set. If TRUE, all of the options in *options\_to\_get* are set. If set to FALSE, one or more of the options in *options\_to\_get* are not set.

### Return Value:

On success, this function returns XLR\_SUCCESS.

On failure, this function returns XLR\_FAIL.

### Usage:

```
SSHANDLE          xlrDevice;
XLR_RETURN_CODE   xlrStatus;
BOOLEAN          options_on;

xlrStatus = XLROpen( 1, &xlrDevice );

// See if drive statistics are getting collected.
xlrStatus = XLRGetOption( device, SS_OPT_DRVSTAT, &options_on );
if ( options_on == TRUE )
{
    printf ( "Drive statistics are getting collected.\n" );
}

// See if drive stats and skip check dir options are set.

xlrStatus = XLRSetOption( xlrDevice, SS_OPT_DRVSTATS |
    SS_OPT_SKIPCHECKDIR, &options_on );
```

```
if( options_on == TRUE )
{
    printf
    ( "Drive stats are getting collected and skip check dir is set.\n" );
}
else
{
    printf( "Drive stats is not set or skip check dir is not set.\n" );
}
```

**See Also:**

XLRSetOption and XLRGetOption.

## XLRGetPlayBufferStatus

---

### Syntax:

```
XLR_RETURN_CODE XLRGetPlayBufferStatus( SSHANDLE xlrDevice, PUINT  
status )
```

### Description

XLRGetPlayBufferStatus returns the status of the playback buffer. The playback buffer is used when the playback trigger is armed. See the SS\_OPT\_PLAYARM option of the XLRSetOption command.

### Parameters:

- *xlrDevice* is the device handle returned from a previous call to XLROpen .
- *status* is a pointer to a UINT (unsigned integer) that will be written with the status of the play buffer. The playback buffer will be in one of the following states:
  - SS\_PBS\_IDLE – The playback buffer is not in use.
  - SS\_PBS\_FULL – The playback buffer is full and a playback is not in progress.
  - SS\_PBS\_FILLING – Data is streaming into the playback buffer.
  - SS\_PBS\_PLAYING – Data from the playback buffer is playing.
  - SS\_PBS\_UNKNOWN – The status of the playback buffer cannot be determined.

### Return Value:

On success, this function returns XLR\_SUCCESS.

On failure, this function returns XLR\_FAIL.

**Usage:**

```

//
// Example of using FPDP to playback and then retrieve the playback buffer
// status.
//

SSHANDLE          xlrDevice;
XLR_RETURN_CODE  xlrStatus;
UINT              playBuffStatus;

XLROpen( 1, &xlrDevice );

// Use the external port.
xlrStatus = XLRSetMode( xlrDevice, SS_MODE_EXT );

// Use FPDP mode transmit for playback.
xlrStatus = XLRSetFPDPMode( xlrDevice, S_FPDP_XMIT, 0 );

// Prepare for playback.
xlrStatus = XLRSetOption( xlrDevice, SS_OPT_PLAYARM );

//
// Since the playback buffer is not in use yet, the status returned
// here should be SS_PBS_IDLE.
//
xlrStatus = XlrGetPlayBufferStatus( xlrDevice, &playBuffStatus);

//
// Since SS_OPT_PLAYARM has been set, this call to XLRPlayback
// will not cause the data to flow yet.
//
xlrStatus = XLRPlayback( xlrDevice, 0, 0 );

//
// XLRPlayback has been called, but XLRPlayTrigger has not. The status
// of the playback buffer should be SS_PBS_FILLING now.
//
xlrStatus = XlrGetPlayBufferStatus( xlrDevice, &playBuffStatus);

//
// Periodically call XlrGetPlayBufferStatus until the status of
// the playback buffer is SS_PBS_FULL.
//
        . . .

//
// Buffer is now full, so call XLRPlayTrigger to start the data
// flowing out of the buffer.
xlrStatus = XLRPlayTrigger( xlrDevice );

    ... playback the desired length of time . . .

// Stop the playback.

```

```
XLRStop( xlrDevice );
```

**See Also:**

XLRPlayTrigger, XLRSetOption, and XLRPlayBack.

## XLRPlayTrigger

---

### Syntax:

```
XLR_RETURN_CODE XLRPlayTrigger( SSHANDLE xlrDevice )
```

### Description

XLRPlayTrigger starts read data flowing.

Typically, when XLRPlayback is called, preparations are made internally to begin playback. When preparations are complete, the data begins to flow. So, there is a delay between the call to XLRPlayback and the flow of data. To minimize the delay, you can call XLRSetOption to set the SS\_OPT\_PLAYARM option. This causes the preparations for playback to be made, but playback does not start until XLRPlayTrigger is called.

### Parameters:

- *xlrDevice* is the device handle returned from a previous call to XLROpen.

### Return Value:

On success, this function returns XLR\_SUCCESS.

On failure, this function returns XLR\_FAIL.

### Usage:

```
// Example using FPDP.

SSHANDLE          xlrDevice;
XLR_RETURN_CODE   xlrStatus;

XLROpen( 1, &xlrDevice );

// Use the external port.
xlrStatus = XLRSetMode( xlrDevice, SS_MODE_EXT );

// Use FPDP mode transmit for playback.
xlrStatus = XLRSetFPDPMode( xlrDevice, S_FPDP_XMIT, 0 );

// Prepare for playback.
xlrStatus = XLRSetOption( xlrDevice, SS_OPT_PLAYARM );

//
// Since SS_OPT_PLAYARM has been set, this call to XLRPlayback
// will not cause the data to flow yet.
//
xlrStatus = XLRPlayback( xlrDevice, 0, 0 );

//
// If we do not sleep here, then the playback will work as
```

```
// it does ordinarily.  If instead we sleep, the internal
// playback buffer will fill up.  This should take no
// longer than three seconds.
//
... sleep, allowing playback buffer to fill ...

//
// The playback buffer should now be full.  Start the data flowing
// out of the buffer.
//
xlrStatus = XLRPlayTrigger( xlrDevice );

... playback the desired length of time . . .

// Stop the playback.
XLRStop( xlrDevice );
```

**See Also:**

XLRSetOption and XLRPlayback.

## XLRSetFillData

---

### Syntax:

```
XLR_RETURN_CODE XLRSetFillData( SSHANDLE xlrDevice, UINT pattern )
```

### Description

XLRSetFillData sets the fill data pattern to the requested pattern. The fill data pattern can be output on playback to signal that the output stream from the disk is unable to meet the requested bandwidth. Calling XLRSetFillData sets the pattern and enables this functionality.

### Parameters:

- *xlrDevice* is the device handle returned from a previous call to XLROpen .
- *pattern* is the fill pattern to use.

### Return Value:

On success, this function returns XLR\_SUCCESS.

On failure, this function returns XLR\_FAIL.

### Usage:

```
//
// This example shows playback using FPDP with a fill
// pattern.
//
SHANDLE          xlrDevice;
XLR_RETURN_CODE  xlrStatus;

xlrStatus = XLROpen( 1, &xlrDevice );

//
// To use fill data, you must first set the skip check dir option.
//
xlrStatus = XLRSetOption( xlrDevice, SS_OPT_SKIPCHECKDIR );

//
// Establish the fill pattern to use for blocks that cannot be read.
// In this example, the fill pattern is all zeros.
//
xlrStatus = XLRSetFillData( xlrDevice, 0x00000000 );

// Set up to playback over the external port.
xlrStatus = XLRSetMode( xlrDevice, SS_MODE_EXT );

xlrStatus = XLRSetFPDPMode( xlrDevice, SS_FPDP_XMIT, 0 );
```

```
//  
// Start playback at the beginning of the recording, filling in  
// any unreadable data with the fill pattern.  
//  
xlrStatus = XLRPlayback( xlrDevice, 0, 0 );  
  
    . . . play back data . . .  
  
XLRStop( xlrDevice );
```

**See Also:**

XLRSetOption and XLRPlayback.

## XLRSetDriveStats

---

### Syntax:

```
XLR_RETURN_CODE XLRSetDriveStats( SSHANDLE xlrDevice, S_DRIVESTATS  
dstats )
```

### Description

XLRSetDriveStats customizes the bin ranges to be used when collecting drive statistics.

By default, drive statistics are not collected. To start collection of drive statistics, you must first call XLRSetOption with the SS\_OPT\_DRVSTATS option. When XLRSetOption is called, the bin ranges are set to their default values (see the structure definition of S\_DRIVESTATS). If desired, you can customize the upper bound of the bin ranges that are used to collect the statistics. To do so, you populate a S\_DRIVESTATS structure with the desired upper bounds and then call XLRSetDriveStats.

### Parameters:

- *xlrDevice* is the device handle returned from a previous call to XLROpen .
- *dstats* is an S\_DRIVESTATS structure that contains the upper bounds for the bins.

### Return Value:

On success, this function returns XLR\_SUCCESS.

On failure, this function returns XLR\_FAIL.

**Usage:**

```
// Example of setting drive statistics bin ranges.

SSHANDLE      xlrDevice;
XLR_RETURN_CODE xlrStatus;
S_DRIVESTATS  dstats;

XLROpen( 1, &xlrDevice );

// Set the option to collect drive statistics.
xlrStatus = XLRSetOption( xlrDevice, SS_OPT_DRVSTATS );

// Instead of using the default upper bounds for drive
// statistics ranges, use these.
//
dstats[0].range = 75000;
dstats[1].range = 100000;
dstats[2].range = 105000;
dstats[3].range = 200000;
dstats[4].range = 205000;
dstats[5].range = 300000;
dstats[6].range = 305000;
dstats[7].range = ULONG_MAX;

//Set the new bin ranges.
xlrStatus = XLRSetDriveStats( xlrDevice, dstats );
```

**See Also:**

XLRSetOption, XLRClearOption, and XLRGetDriveStats.

## XLRSetOption

---

### Syntax:

```
XLR_RETURN_CODE XLRSetOption( SSHANDLE xlrDevice,
    UINT options_to_set )
```

### Description

XLRSetOption sets one or more options. To set an option, the drives must be idle (i.e., no recording or playback in progress).

The options are:

- SS\_OPT\_DRVSTATS – When set, drive statistics are collected. Otherwise, statistics are not collected. By default, this option is not set. See XLRGetDriveStats.
- SS\_OPT\_PLAYARM - When set, the StreamStor is armed for a two-stage playback. You set this option and then call XLRPlayback. Data will be buffered up for playback, but no data will play until triggered. (See XLRPlayTrigger.) By default, this option is not set.
- SS\_OPT\_SKIPCHECKDIR - When set, the directory sanity check that is ordinarily done by most XLR commands is not done. This is necessary to playback data from a set of disks where one or more disks are unreadable because of a damaged or missing disk. To use, you set SS\_OPT\_SKIPCHECKDIR and then call XLRSetFillData with pattern to substitute for unreadable data. During playback, the unreadable data will be replaced with the pattern set by XLRSetFillData. By default, this option is not set. See also XLRSetFillData and XLRDiskRepBlkCount.
- SS\_OPT\_REALTIMEPLAYBACK – "Real-time playback" is automatically enabled by calling XLRSetFillData. To turn real-time playback off, unset this option.
- SS\_OPT\_RESERVE\_END\_BLOCK - When set, the StreamStor stops recording before the StreamStor is full (or, in the case of bank mode, before the selected bank is full). When set, the available capacity for recording is:
  - Bank mode:
 
$$\text{available capacity} = \text{drive capacity} - (4 * 196584 * \text{number of drives in a module})$$
  - Non-bank mode:
 
$$\text{available capacity} = \text{drive capacity} - (4 * 196584 * \text{total number of drives})$$

When XLROpen is called, each option is set to its default value.

### Parameters:

- *xlrDevice* is the device handle returned from a previous call to XLROpen.
- *options\_to\_set* is a vector containing one or more of the above options.

**Return Value:**

On success, this function returns XLR\_SUCCESS.

On failure, this function returns XLR\_FAIL.

**Usage:**

```
SSHANDLE          xlrDevice;
XLR_RETURN_CODE   xlrStatus;

xlrStatus = XLROpen( 1, &xlrDevice );

//
// Set the desired option.  In this example, set the option
// to reserve a block of space.
//
xlrStatus = XLRSetOption( xlrDevice, SS_OPT_RESERVE_END_BLOCK );
    . . . record some data . . .

// Clear the reserve block option.
xlrStatus = XLRClearOption( xlrDevice, SS_OPT_RESERVE_END_BLOCK );
```

**See Also:**

XLRClearOption and XLRGetOption.

## XLRSkip

---

### Syntax:

```
UINT XLRSkip( SSHANDLE xlrDevice, UINT skipLength, BOOLEAN forward )
```

### Description

XLRSkip is used during XLRPlayback to skip forward and back the requested number of bytes.

To accomplish a skip, StreamStor buffers some playback data internally. It cannot skip forward or backwards more than the number of bytes in the internal buffer. If XLRSkip is called with *skipLength* greater than the number of bytes in the buffer, it will skip the maximum number of bytes available in the buffer. Otherwise, it will skip *skipLength* bytes.

XLRSkip can only be used while playback is through the external port.

### Parameters:

- *xlrDevice* is the device handle returned from a previous call to XLROpen .
- *skipLength* is the number of bytes to skip. The number of bytes to skip must be 8 byte aligned (i.e., the number must be a multiple of 8).
- *forward* is the skip direction. If *forward* is TRUE, playback will skip forward *skipLength* bytes. Otherwise, playback will skip backwards *skipLength* bytes.

### Return Value:

The number of bytes that were skipped.

**Usage:**

```

SHANDLE          xlrDevice;
UINT             bytesActuallySkipped=0;
UINT             bytesToSkip=0;
XLR_RETURN_CODE  xlrStatus=XLR_FAIL;

xlrStatus = XLROpen( 1, &xlrDevice );

// Set up to playback over the external port.
xlrStatus = XLRSetMode( xlrDevice,SS_MODE_EXT );

// Set the FPDP mode for transmitting (playback) over FPDP.
xlrStatus = XLRSetFPDPMode( xlrDevice,SS_FPDP_XMIT,0 );

// Start playback at the beginning of the recording.
xlrStatus = XLRPlayback( xlrDevice, 0, 0 );

    . . . play back data . . .

// Skip ahead over some of the data.
bytesToSkip = 1024;
bytesActuallySkipped = XLRSkip( xlrDevice, bytesToSkip, TRUE );

    . . . data is skipped and continues to play . . .

// Skip backwards.
bytesToSkip = 4098;
bytesActuallySkipped = XLRSkip( xlrDevice, bytesToSkip, TRUE );

    . . . data is skipped and continues to play . . .

// Stop playback.
XLRStop( xlrDevice );

```

**See Also:**

XLRSetMode and XLRPlayback.

## XLRTotalRepBlkCount

---

### Syntax:

```
DWORD XLRTotalRepBlkCount( SSHANDLE xlrDevice )
```

### Description

XLRTotalRepBlkCount returns the total number of blocks that were replaced during a playback. The replaced block count is the number of blocks that have been replaced during a playback when fill data is used to replace unreadable data.

The replaced block counter(s) will be reset on a read or playback request if:

- the request is non-sequential from a previous read/playback or
- the previous read/playback ended due to a play limit request or
- there have been intervening commands that accessed disk such as record.

In other words, the counter(s) are not reset if a play (or read) is followed by a subsequent read (or play) that is sequential to the previous one and play limit is not used.

To get the total replacement block count, the drives must be idle (i.e., no recording or playback in progress).

If the StreamStor is in bank mode, this command will return the total number of replaced block for the selected bank.

### Parameters:

- *xlrDevice* is the device handle returned from a previous call to XLROpen .

### Return Value:

The total replacement block count. If no blocks are replaced or an error occurs, zero is returned.

**Usage:**

```

//
// This example shows FPDP playback using a fill pattern. After
// playback stops, the total disk replacement block count is retrieved.
//

SHANDLE          xlrDevice;
DWORD            totalRepBlocks;
XLR_RETURN_CODE  xlrStatus=XLR_FAIL;

xlrStatus = XLROpen( 1, &xlrDevice );

// To use fill data, you must first set the skip check dir option.
xlrStatus = XLRSetOption( xlrDevice, SS_OPT_SKIPCHECKDIR );

//
// Establish the fill pattern to use for blocks that cannot be read.
// In this example, the fill pattern is all zeros.
//
xlrStatus = XLRSetFillData( xlrDevice, 0x00000000 );

// Set up to playback over the external port.
xlrStatus = XLRSetMode( xlrDevice,SS_MODE_EXT );

xlrStatus = XLRSetFPDPMode( xlrDevice,SS_FPDP_XMIT,0 );

// Start playback at the beginning of the recording.
xlrStatus = XLRPlayback( xlrDevice, 0, 0 );

    . . . play back data . . .

XLRStop( xlrDevice );

// Get the total number of replaced blocks.
totalRepBlocks = XLRTotalRepBlkCount( xlrDevice );

```

**See Also:**

XLRDiskRepBlkCount, XLRSetFillData, XLRPlayback, XLRSetOption, XLRSetBankMode and XLRSelectBank.

## Structure S\_DRIVESTATS

---

```
typedef struct _S_DRIVESTATS
{
    ULONG range;
    ULONG count;
} S_DRIVESTATS, *PS_DRIVESTATS;
```

### Purpose

This structure holds the drive statistics that are collected when the `SS_OPT_DRVSTATS` option has been set by the `XLRSetOption` function. Drive statistics are collected as long as the `SS_OPT_DRVSTATS` option is set.

When `SS_OPT_DRVSTATS` is set, StreamStor logs the time it takes for each drive to process one block for read or write. Each observation is how long it took to move 0xFFF8 bytes during a record or playback. The time is measured in 15ns (nanoseconds). The observations are counted and accumulated in “bins.” The bins are an array of structures of type `S_DRIVESTATS`.

Each bin holds a count of the number of observations that occurred within that bin’s time range. When `XLRSetOption` is called, the default upper bound for each bin is set and the count for each bin is cleared. The default upper bounds for the bins are:

Bin Number	Range
0	0–75,000
1	75,001–150,000
2	150,001–200,000
3	200,001–250,000
4	250,001–300,000
5	300,001–350,000
6	350,001–400,000
7	400,001 and above

For example, if a write took 3000\*15ns, the *count* in bin 0 is incremented by StreamStor. If a write took 220545\*15ns, the *count* in bin 3 is incremented. By retrieving the drive statistics for each disk (see `XLRGetDriveStats`), you may be able to detect if a drive is failing. If the counts on a particular drive are substantially higher than the counts on the other drives, the drive with the high counts is suspect.

### Members

*range* – The upper bound of the range for this bin.

*count* – The count of the number of observations that fell into the range specified by *range*.

**End of Document**